



RWF
Revolution of Wallets Foundation

RWF PROJECT JOURNEY

Construction Started

From Plans to Physical Reality

Where paper turns into place, and vision turns into walls, roads, and roofs.

1. Breaking Ground — Where Vision Becomes Visible

This stage is where everything begins to take physical shape. Following planning, approvals, and preparation, construction transforms land into a real community. To ensure safety, durability, and a vision of dignity, this phase is organized into three core pillars:

- **Discipline:** Adhering strictly to timelines and engineering standards.
- **Structure:** Establishing a clear hierarchy of tasks and responsibilities.
- **Coordination:** Managing the seamless flow between labor, materials, and oversight.



2. Site Preparation & Setup

Before building begins, the site is prepared and secured.

- Clearing and preparing the land
- Securing the site with fencing and controlled access
- Setting up temporary facilities for workers and operations

This stage ensures that the project begins in a controlled and organized environment.





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3. Foundations & Earthworks

The foundation is one of the most critical parts of construction.

This stage includes:

- Soil preparation and testing
- Excavation
- Pouring of foundations

What is done here determines the strength and stability of every home built on top of it.



4. Infrastructure Comes First

Before walls go up, the systems that support the homes must be installed.

This includes:

- Water pipelines
- Sewer systems
- Electrical conduits
- Drainage systems

These systems are built underground and form the invisible backbone of the community.



5. Building the Structure

Once the ground work is complete, the homes begin to rise.

This stage includes:

- Wall construction
- Structural framing
- Concrete slabs

This is where the vision starts to become visible in a real and tangible way.





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6. Roofing & Protection

The roof protects the entire structure and must be installed correctly.

This stage includes:

- Roof framing
- Waterproofing
- Structural sealing

A well-built roof ensures long-term durability and safety.



7. Internal Systems & Finishing

Once the structure is complete, the internal systems and finishes are installed.

This includes:

- Plumbing inside the home
- Electrical wiring
- Ceilings and internal finishes
- Tiles, paint, and fittings

This is where houses begin to feel like homes.



8. External Works & Community Setup

Beyond individual homes, the community itself is developed.

This includes:

- Internal roads
- Landscaping and green spaces
- Security gate and access systems
- Play areas and shared spaces

This is what turns houses into a living community.



9. Protection, Structure & Control

Construction is carefully managed to ensure safety, accountability, and quality.

This includes:

- Working with registered contractors and professionals
- Structured contracts and milestone-based payments
- Controlled site access and worker registration
- Continuous supervision by engineers and project managers

This ensures that the project remains protected and professionally executed.



10. What This Means for Women of the Land

This stage is where progress becomes visible.

It means:

- The project is no longer just planned — it is being built
- Each contribution is turning into real structures
- The vision is becoming something that can be seen and touched

Construction takes time, but every step forward is a step closer to ownership, stability, and dignity.



Final Note

We are building carefully, not quickly.

Because what we are building is not temporary.

It is a foundation for families, for children, and for generations to come.

